SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

COURSE OUTLINE

Advanced Welding Processes and Fabrication

(Practical)

lourse Title:

MET125-15 (PRACTICAL)

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Welding and Fabrication

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Advanced Welding Processes & Fabrication MET125-15

Course Name

Course Number

PHILOSOPHY/GOALS;

With Fundamentals of Arc and Gas Welding as a pre-requisite, this course continues to develop the welding ability of the student and increases his/her knowledge of weldability of metals, welding processes and fabrication skills. The program meets all requirements to be considered a pre-apprenticeship course.

METHODS OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

- a) Pre-requisite: Fundamentals of Arc and Gas Welding
- b) Sault College Policy/Procedure No.
- c) Computer Marked tests 70% Minimum
- d) Overal Grading Practical 40% Theory - 40%

Attendance/Safety/Attitude - 20%

A+ = 95 -- 100%A = 85 -94% B = 75 -84% C = 60 - 74%

TEXTBOOK(S);

MODULES: MFE - Advanced Arc Welding

MFJ - Gas Tungsen Arc Welding

MFI - Air Carbon Arc Gouging and Cutting MFF - Gas Metal and Flux Core Arc Welding

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to prepare the student for the welding industry, to be a safe and competent employee in any phase of the welding industry. The student will be required to pass all position Canadian Welding Bureau and Boiler and Pressure Vessel Tests.

MFE - ADVANCED ARC WELDING

- 1) Concepts of Basic Electricity.
- 2) Concepts of Transformers, Alternating Current and Rectifiers.
- 3) General Requirements for Arc Welding, Duty Cycle and Open Circuit Voltage.
- 1) Shielded Metal Arc Basics.
- 2) Manufacture of Electrodes.
- 3) Functions of Electrode Coatings.
- 4) Unit Pre-Test.
- 5) Theory Test #1.

- - 2) Overhead Fillets
 4-F Position; Stringer Beads
 E6011
 - 3) Overhead Fillets
 4-F Position; Stringer Beads
 E7018
 - 4) Simulated Overhead Groove Velds 4G Position Stringer Beads E6010
 - 5) Simulated Overhead Groove Welds 4G Position Stringer + Weave Beads E6010/E7018
- 4) 1) Horizontal Fillets on Pipe 2F Position E6010
 - 2) Horizontal Fillets on Pipe
 2F Position
 E6011
 - 3) Horizontal Fillets on Pipe 2F Position E7018
 - 4) Horizontal Fillets on Structural Shapes 2F Position
 - 5) Horizontal Fillets on Round Bar 2F Position E7018
- 5) 1) Groove/Fillet Welds Pipe-to-Pipe

Pipe Axis Horizontal E6010

2) Groove/Fillet Welds Pipe-to-Pipe Pipe Axis - Horizontal E6010/E7018

- 6) 1) Fabricate a Line-up Jib.
 - 2) Outside Corner Joints 1G Position - E6010
 - 3) Outside Corner Joints
 2G Position E6010/E7018
 - 4) Outside Corner Joints 3G Position - E6010
 - 5) Outside Corner Joints 4G Position - E6010/E7018
- 7) 1) 1G Open Root Plate Test E6010/E7018
 - 2) 2G Open Root Plate Test E6010/E7018
 - 3) 3G Open Root Plate Test E6010/E7018
 - 4) 4G Open Root Plate Test E6010/E7018
- 8) 1) IGF Plate Test with Backing.
 - 2) 2GF Plate Test with Backing.
 - 3) 3GF Plate Test with Backing.
 - 4) 4GF Plate Test with Backing.
- 9) 1) Specific Materials in Electrode Coatings
 - 2) Electrode Classification.
 - 3) Characteristics of Covered Electrodes.
 - 4) Electrode Selection.

- 5) Electrode Storage,
- 6) Low Alloy Electrodes
- 7) Unit Pre-Test.
- 8) Theory Test # 2.

- 10) 1) Welding Cast Irons.
 - 2) Welding with Stainless Steel.
 - 3) Hardsurfacing Techniques.
 - 4) Unit Pre-Test.
 - 5) Theory Test #3.

MODULE: MFJ - GAS TUNGSTEN ARC WELDING

- 1) Describe the Gas Tungsten Arc Welding Process.
 - 2) Describe the Advantages and Disadvantages of GTAW.
 - 3) Identify various terms by which GTAW is known.
 - 4) Identify some of the industries that use this welding process extensively.
- 2) 1) Identify all the protective clothing best suited to the TIG Process.
 - 2) Determine the proper welding lense selection for TIG.
 - 3) List electical safety checks to be made before welding
 - 4) Identify ventilating problems associated with TIG.
- 3) 1) Cyber-Wave 300S TIG Unit Setup assembly, operating functions, shut-down procedures.
 - 2) Constant Current Welding Machines, Transformer/Rectifier Units.
 - 3) Polarity Relationships to GTAW Polarity Heat Distributions.
 - 4) Line Power Characteristics(Utility Power Supply to the Shop).
 - 5) High Frequency use with GTAW.
 - 6) Pulse Arc Mode.

- 7) Balanced Wave Function in GTAW.
- 8) H. F. Radiation (Radio Communication Interference).
- 9) Study of the Consol Panels of the CW300S

- 4) 1) Set-up a GTAW Station for Welding Mild Steel and Stainless Steel.
 - 2) Shut-Down GTAW Station.
- 5) 1) Gas Cooled (Air Cooled) and Water Cooled GTAW Torches.
 - 2) Torch Components and Cup Choices.
 - 3) Torch Hose Assembly Light Duty.
 - 4) Torch Hose Assembly Water Cooled (Heavy Duty)
 - 5) Torch Assembly for Welding.
 - 6) Light gauge M.S. Strip/Filler Wire Beads (Lap and T Joints).
- 6) 1) Purpose of the Shielding Gas in GTAW.
 - 2) Argon Gas Characteristics.
 - 3) Helium Gas Characteristics.
 - 4) Gas Mixes (with reactive gases).
 - 5) Recommended Gas Choices.
 - 6) Gas Influence on Weld Beads.
- 7) 1) Regulator Construction and Function.
 - 2) Flowmeter Construction and Function.
 - 3) Effective Gas Volume Coverages.
 - 4) Assembly of Regulator/Flowmeter Units.
 - 5) GTAW Light Gauge Lap Joint Welds(Mild Steel).
- 8) 1) Contactor Controls.

- 2) Remote Amperage Controls.
- 3) Connecting of contactor and Amperage Remote Controls.
- A) Prepare M.S. Plate for Butt Welds Bevel Machine Cuts

- 9) 1) Tungsten and Tungsten Alloyed Electrodes and the Colour Code.
 - 2) Electrode Care and End Preparation Methods.
 - 3) Electrode selection; Size Alloy Type.
 - 4) GTAW of Mild Steel Butt Welds 1G.
 - 5) Practice Exercises in GTAW Mild Steel Butt Welds 1G.
- 10) 1) Study the Filler Wires used in TIG Welding Mild Steel
 - 2) Proper Handling and Storage of Mild Steel Filler Wire
 - 3) A Demonstration of TIG welding on Mild Steel.
 - 4) A Study of Joint Design and Joint Preparation Types.
 - 5) A Study of Mild Steel Weld Defects.
- 11) A study of the correct Filler Rod Selection for some of the common Stainless Alloys and an Examination of the Stainless Alloy Coding System.
 - 2) Solar Flux, its purpose and use in TIG Welding Stainless Steels, and Gas Backing Techniques.
 - 3) Welding Procedures for Stainless Steel Alloys.
 - 4) Examining the Totally Enclosed Environment methods for Welding Stainless and other High Quality Metals.
 - 5) Stainless Steel Butt Weld Exercises.
 M.S. plate / S. S. filler.
 - 6) Post Cleaning Stainless Steels.

MODULE: MFI - AIR CARBON ARC GOUGING & CUTTING

 Describe the basic principles of how the Air Carbon Arc (AAC) process works and compare it to the oxyfuel process.

- 2) Identify the advantages provided by the Air Carbon Arc metal removal process.
- 3) Identify some of the disadvantages of AAC cutting and gouging.

LEARNING TASK

- 1) Identify ten areas of industry that extensively use the Air Carbon Arc process and indicate some common practical uses employed in various construction and prepare industries.
- 2) OMIT
- 1) Study the areas of personal safety that are associated with the Air Carbon Arc cutting and gouging process.
- 2) Study ventilation needs, fire and electrical shock hazards associated with the Air Carbon Arc system.
- 1) Express in pounds per square inch (PSI) and cubic feet per minute (CFM) the air requirements to operate:
 - a light duty AAC torch
 - a standard industrial AAC torch capacities
- 2) OMIT
- Study the power supplies recommended for AAC use and understand machine capacities in:dity cycle, primary input, and nema classification
 - and relate this information to AAC needs.
- 2) OMIT
- 1) Study the parts of an Air Carbon Arc hand torch and the combined air hose/cable lead and know the function of the components.
- 2) OMIT
- 1) Study the construction, copper clading, sizes and shapes of carbon electrodes.
- 2) Study the correct use and selection carbon electrodes designed for AC and DC application.
- 3) Study the socket joint type carbon electrodes and thei use with semi and automatic equipment.

- 4) Study the care in storing and identifying of carbon electrodes.
- 8) 1) OMIT
 - 2) OMIT

LEARNING TASK

- 3) Study the metallurgical affects of air carbon arc heat cycle and carborizing possibilities when using the AAC process.
- 1) Study the methods of edge and groove preparation of stainless steels and the limitations and advantages of some processes.
- 2) Identify "chromium carbide precipitation" and how it can affect finished welded products.
- 1) OMIT
- 2) OMIT
- 1) Study an air carbon arc station set up.
- 2)a)Have the instructor explain assembly procedure, safety check out, electrode air pressure and amperage selections.
 - b)Observe instructor's demonstration for electrode stickout, speed of travel, angle of rod to work piece, depth of groove, etc.
 - c) Assemble materials for AAC gouging:
 - 1) 1/2" X 6" X 6" (scrap welded sample with existing welds) including T-Joints, cross-joints, pipe to plate, etc.
 - 2) one air carbon arc torch, heavy duty (class 1) welding machine and compressed air line supply.
 - 3) Arrange booth or shielded work area.
 - 4) Arrange standby fire equipment (extinguisher).
 - d)Practice on $\underline{\text{flat}}$ gouging on items in c 1. Do not attempt position gouging until you have a qualifying grade in flat work.
- 3)a)0btain a qualification in setting up and dismantling an AAC station.

b)1) Make 3/8" single pass grooves in the 1 G position using 1/4" round electrodes. (a minimum of size 6 inch single passes).

- 2) OMIT
- 3) OMIT
- 4) OMIT
- 12) OMIT
- 13) 1) Study and follow the preventive maintenance procedure outline.
 - 2) Study and recognize the problems the operator can experience in air carbon arc use and how they can be resolved.

MODULE: MFF - GAS METAL & FLUX CORE ARC WELDING

- 1) 1 Identify all parts of the GMAW and FCAW Welding units
 - 2) Identify the sequence of assembling the equipment and testing and shutting down the equipment.
- 2) 1) Identify the types of wire used in GMAW and FCAW and the method used to classify them.
- 1) Identify the various types of shielding gases used in GMAW and FCAW and the method of storage.
- 4) 1) Identify the type of welding machine used for GMAW and FCAW.
 - 2) Identify the type of wire feeder used and its function
- 5) 1) Weld GMAW stringer beads in the flat position.
 - 2) Weld FCAW stringer beads int he flat position.

- 6) 1) Weld GMAW fillet welds in the flat position.
 - 2) Weld FCAW fillet welds in the flat position.
- 7) 1) Weld GMAW fillet welds in the horizontal position
 - 2) Weld FCAW fillet welds in the horizontal position
- 8) 1) Weld GMAW butt velds in the flat position.
 - 2) Weld FCAW butt welds in the flat position.